

Final Exam

DCHEM-1: GENERAL CHEMISTRY+FUELS AND LUBRICATION

Spring 2024-25

Points of attention:

- For each question, the maximum earned points are specified in the question.
- Write clearly! Answers that are not readable are not marked and don't earn marks!
- All answers should be written in English using **blue or black pens** only.
- Use the pencil only for diagrams and graphs.
- Show all the calculation steps in the given space.
- When finished, submit the question paper, together with the answer scripts and the signed cover page to the invigilator.
- Any cheating/copying may result in an instant failing of the examination.

Exam Duration:

2 hours

Instructor's Name:

ASIM HAMDAN

Exam Date:

18 JUN 2025

Program:

DO

	40
	10

Student Information

Name:

ID:

Signature:

Invigilator

Initials:

Student ID checked

Time received:

Section A**(6 marks)****Circle the correct option for the following question given below.**(a) Identify the Bronsted Lowry **BASE** from the choices given below.

i)	H_2SO_4	iii)	HCl
ii)	NH_3	iv)	HF

(b) Element X has 7 protons, the correct **electronic configuration** of this element is

i)	$1S^2 2S^2 2P^3$	iii)	$1S^2 2S^3 2P^2$
ii)	$1S^2 2S^1 2P^4$	iv)	$1S^2 2P^3 2S^2$

(c) The concentration in **ppb unit** of a pollutant that has measured 450 mg pollutant per 15000 kg of sample.

i)	30 ppb	ii)	50 ppb
ii)	40 ppb	iv)	60 ppb

(d) The molecular formula of **alkane** from the following options is.

i)	C_5H_{12}	iii)	C_5H_{14}
ii)	C_5H_{12}	iv)	C_5H_8

(e) The ion product of water at 80°C is 2.4×10^{-13} . The concentrations of hydronium ion and hydroxide ions in pure water at 80°C ,

i)	5.95×10^{-7}	iii)	4.89×10^{-7}
ii)	4.98×10^{-7}	iv)	5.97×10^{-7}

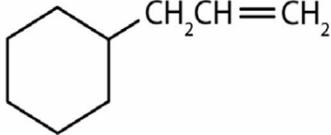
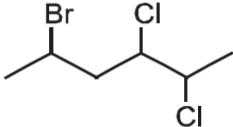
(f) The concentration of 31.5 g nitric acid HNO_3 dissolve into 250 ml of water is.

i)	3 M	iii)	2.5 M
ii)	3.4 M	iv)	2 M

Section B**ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS IN THE SPACE PROVIDED**

1. The petroleum crude distillation process separates various oils, fuels, and lubricants from the raw oil extracted from wells.

a) Given the name of the following components in the crude oil and classify them as Alkane, Alkene, Alkyne or cyclic hydrocarbon. (6 marks)

Organic Compound	Name of the component	Category
Example: CH_4	Methane	Alkane
		
		
$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{C}\cdot\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{H}_3\text{C}\cdot\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-\text{CH}-\text{CHCH}_3 \\ \\ \text{H}_3\text{C} \end{array}$		

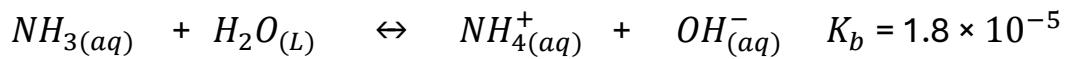
b) Write the structural formula for the following organic compound given below.

(4 marks)

i) 3-ethyle-4,5-dimethylheptane.

ii) 4-cyclopropyl-1-octyne.

2. a) Ammonia (weak base) NH_3 . Determine the concentration of hydroxide ion and the pH of a 0.65M solution of ammonia? (5 marks)



b) Calculate the percentage ionization of ammonia (NH_3) and explain why the value of 'x' in the ionization expression is often neglected. (3 marks)

c) Calculate the pH of a 0.4 M solution of sulfuric acid (H_2SO_4). (3 marks)

d) Determine the concentration of a nitric acid (HNO_3) solution when 20.0 mL of a 2.5 M solution is diluted to a final volume of 400.0 mL (3 marks)

3. A colorless liquid has a composition of 84.1% carbon and 15.9% hydrogen by mass.

i) Determine the empirical formula? (3 marks)

ii) Determine the molecular formula of this compound with a molar mass of 114.2 g/mol. Also, name the compound based on its molecular formula (3 marks)

4. When aqueous solution of Lead(II) nitrate $[Pb(NO_3)_2(aq)]$ and potassium iodide $[KI(aq)]$ are mixed, a precipitation reaction occurs, forming solid lead(II) iodide (PbI_2) and an aqueous solution. (4 marks)

Write the following equations for the reaction:

i) The balanced molecular equation

ii) The full ionic equation.

iii) The net ionic equation.

iv) Identify the spectator ions in the reaction.

1 H 1.00794														2 He 4.002602			
3 Li 6.941	4 Be 9.012182																
11 Na 22.989770	12 Mg 24.3050																
19 K 39.0983	20 Ca 40.078	21 Sc 44.955910	22 Ti 47.867	23 V 50.9415	24 Cr 51.9961	25 Mn 54.938049	26 Fe 55.845	27 Co 58.933200	28 Ni 58.6534	29 Cu 63.545	30 Zn 65.39	31 Ga 69.723	32 Ge 72.61	33 As 74.92160	34 Se 78.96	35 Br 79.504	36 Kr 83.80
37 Rb 85.4678	38 Sr 87.62	39 Y 88.90585	40 Zr 91.224	41 Nb 92.90638	42 Mo 95.94	43 Tc (98)	44 Ru 101.07	45 Rh 102.90550	46 Pd 106.42	47 Ag 196.56655	48 Cd 112.411	49 In 114.818	50 Sn 118.710	51 Sb 121.760	52 Te 127.60	53 I 126.90447	54 Xe 131.29
55 Cs 132.90545	56 Ba 137.327	57 La 138.9055	72 Hf 178.49	73 Ta 180.94.79	74 W 183.84	75 Re 186.207	76 Os 190.23	77 Ir 192.217	78 Pt 195.078	79 Au 196.56655	80 Hg 200.59	81 Tl 204.3833	82 Pb 207.2	83 Bi 208.58038	84 Po (209)	85 At (210)	86 Rn (222)
87 Fr (223)	88 Ra (226)	89 Ac (227)	104 Rf (261)	105 Db (262)	106 Sg (263)	107 Bh (262)	108 Hs (265)	109 Mt (266)	110 (269)	111 (272)	112 (277)		114 (289) (287)		116 (289)		118 (293)

58 Ce 140.116	59 Pr 140.50765	60 Nd 144.24	61 Pm (145)	62 Sm 150.36	63 Eu 151.964	64 Gd 157.25	65 Tb 158.92534	66 Dy 162.50	67 Ho 164.93032	68 Er 167.26	69 Tm 168.93421	70 Yb 173.04	71 Lu 174.967
90 Th 232.0381	91 Pa 231.035888	92 U 238.0289	93 Np (237)	94 Pu (244)	95 Am (243)	96 Cm (247)	97 Bk (247)	98 Cf (251)	99 Es (252)	100 Fm (257)	101 Md (258)	102 No (259)	103 Lr (262)

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Q #	MLO Addressee d	Complexity Level	Mark	Remark
1-b,c,f	MLO 2	Apply	3	
1-a,d,e	MLO 3	Knowledge	3	
2-1-a	MLO 2	analyse	6	
2-1-bi+ii	MLO 2	Apply	4	
2-2-a,b,c	MLO2	Apply + knowledge	11	
2-2-d	MLO3	knowledge	3	
2-3-a-1,2	MLO2	Apply	6	
2-4-a-1,2,3,4	MLO 3	Analyse	4	

