

Final Exam
TCHEM: GENERAL CHEMISTRY
Fall 2025

Points of attention:

- For each question, the maximum earned points are specified in the question.
- Write clearly! Answers that are not readable are not marked and don't earn marks!
- All answers should be written in English using **blue or black pens** only.
- Use the pencil only for diagrams and graphs.
- Show all the calculation steps in the given space.
- When finished, submit the question paper, together with the answer scripts and the signed cover page to the invigilator.
- Any cheating/copying may result in an instant failing of the examination.

Exam Duration: 2.5 hours
Instructor's Name: Dr. G. CHANDRASEKAR
Exam Date: 25/12/2025
Program: PE

	40
	10

Student Information	
Name:	<input type="text"/>
Signature:	<input type="text"/>
ID:	<input type="text"/>

Invigilator	
Initials:	<input type="text"/>
Time received:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Student ID checked	

Instructions:

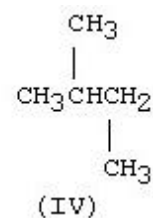
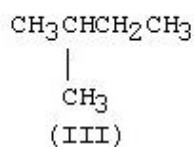
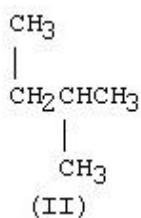
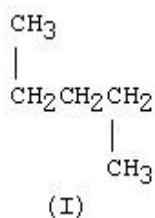
Periodic Table enclosed at the end of the question paper

SI units should be followed.

Choosing more than one answer for one question in MCQ section will not carry any marks

PART -A**Answer All Questions****Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) [10 x 1 = 10] Marks**

1. From the structure given below, choose the one that is *not similar* to the remaining three.



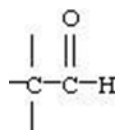
(a) I

(b) II

(c) III

(d) IV

2. Identify the functional group:



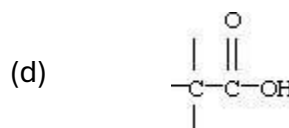
(a) Ketone

(b) ether

(c) amide

(d) aldehyde

3. Select the functional group below representing the amine.



4. How many H^+ ions can the acid H_2SO_4 donate per molecule?

- (a) 0, (b) 1, (c) 2, (d) 3

5. Which of the following compounds is an Arrhenius base in water?

- (a) CH_3CH_3 , (b) CH_3SH , (c) HOCl , (d) KOH

6. What is the concentration of FeBr_3 in a solution prepared by dissolving 10.0 g of FeBr_3 in enough water to make a final volume of 275 mL of solution?

- (a) $1.23 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$, (b) 0.123 M , (c) 1.23 M , (d) $1.23 \times 10^3 \text{ M}$

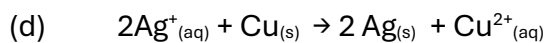
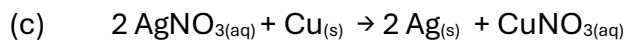
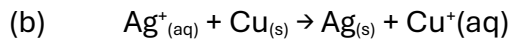
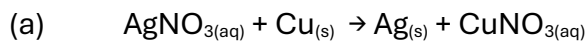
7. How many milliliters of a 6.0 M HNO_3 solution are needed to make 0.25 L of a 3.5 M HNO_3 solution?

- (a) 686 mL (b) 428 mL (c) 146 mL (d) 119 mL

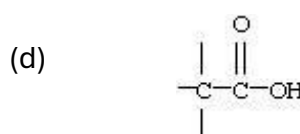
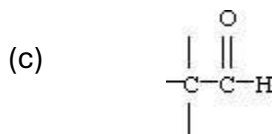
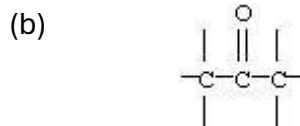
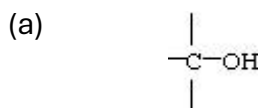
8. Identify the alcohol from the given below.

- (a) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_3$, (b) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$
(c) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ (d) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{NHCH}_3$

9. Choose the correct balanced net ionic equation for the reaction of $\text{AgNO}_3(\text{aq})$ with $\text{Cu}(\text{s})$.



10. Which functional group below represents a Ketone?



PART -B

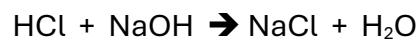
[6 x 5 = 30] Marks

Answer Any Six Questions

11. Name the following compounds according to IUPAC nomenclature. (5 Marks)

(a)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$	
(b)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3 \end{array}$	
(c)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$	
(d)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3 \end{array}$	
(e)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_3\text{C} \quad \quad \text{CH}_3 \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{C}=\text{C} \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \text{H} \quad \quad \text{H} \end{array}$	

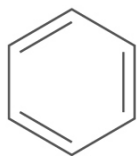
12. In an acid-base titration, 22.6 mL of a 0.100 M NaOH solution is needed to react with 20.0 mL of an unknown HCl concentration.



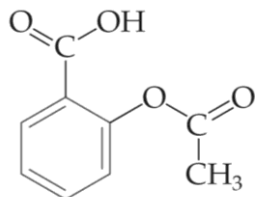
Using this information,

- (i) Determine the concentration of HCl present in 250 ml (3 Marks)
- (ii) Calculate the amount of HCl in the same solution. (2 Marks)

13. Classify the compounds shown below based on Huckles rule as aromatic, non-aromatic and anti-aromatic with detailed explanations. (1.25 x 4 = 5 Marks)



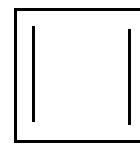
Benzene



Aspirin



Cyclohexene

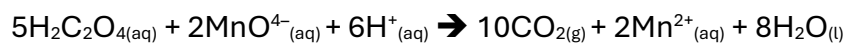


Cyclobutadiene

14. Using any five criteria differentiate between aromatic and aliphatic compounds. (5 Marks)

15. A sample of 20.4 g of MgCl_2 is dissolved in water and diluted to three different volumetric flasks: 250 mL, 500 mL, and 1.0 L. Calculate the molarity of chloride ions in each solution. (5 Marks)

16. A titration is performed using a solution containing 0.150 g of oxalic acid ($\text{H}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4$). The titration requires 20.5 mL of a potassium permanganate (KMnO_4) solution of unknown concentration to reach the endpoint.



(a) Calculate the concentration of the KMnO_4 solution. (3 Marks)

(b) Using the calculated concentration, determine the amount of KMnO_4 present in 500 mL of the same solution. (2 Marks)

17. Draw the structures of the following organic compounds:

- (a) n-hexylchloride (2 Marks)
- (b) n-butylamine (2 Marks)
- (c) di-n-pentyl ether (1 Mark)

IUPAC Periodic Table of the Elements

		13		14		15		16		17		18																																																											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14																																																										
1 H hydrogen 1.0080 ±0.0002	2 He helium 4.0026 ±0.0001	21 Sc scandium 44.956 ±0.001	22 Ti titanium 47.867 ±0.001	23 V vanadium 50.942 ±0.001	24 Cr chromium 51.996 ±0.001	25 Mn manganese 54.938 ±0.001	26 Fe iron 55.845 ±0.002	27 Co cobalt 58.933 ±0.001	28 Ni nickel 58.693 ±0.001	29 Cu copper 63.546 ±0.003	30 Zn zinc 65.38 ±0.02	31 Ga gallium 69.723 ±0.001	32 Ge germanium 72.630 ±0.008	33 As arsenic 74.922 ±0.001	34 Se selenium 78.971 ±0.008	35 Br bromine 79.904 ±0.003	36 Kr krypton 83.798 ±0.002	37 Rb rubidium 85.468 ±0.001	38 Sr strontium 87.62 ±0.01	39 Y yttrium 88.906 ±0.001	40 Zr zirconium 91.224 ±0.002	41 Nb niobium 92.906 ±0.001	42 Mo molybdenum 95.95 ±0.01	43 Tc technetium [97]	44 Ru ruthenium 101.07 ±0.02	45 Rh rhodium 102.91 ±0.01	46 Pd palladium 106.42 ±0.01	47 Ag silver 107.87 ±0.01	48 Cd cadmium 112.41 ±0.01	49 In indium 114.82 ±0.01	50 Sn tin 118.71 ±0.01	51 Sb antimony 121.76 ±0.01	52 Te tellurium 127.60 ±0.03	53 I iodine 126.90 ±0.01	54 Xe xenon 131.29 ±0.01	55 Cs caesium 132.91 ±0.01	56 Ba barium 137.33 ±0.01	57-71 lanthanoids	72 Hf hafnium 178.49 ±0.01	73 Ta tantalum 180.95 ±0.01	74 W tungsten 183.84 ±0.01	75 Re rhenium 186.21 ±0.01	76 Os osmium 190.23 ±0.03	77 Ir iridium 192.22 ±0.01	78 Pt platinum 195.08 ±0.02	79 Au gold 196.97 ±0.01	80 Hg mercury 200.59 ±0.01	81 Tl thallium 204.38 ±0.01	82 Pb lead 207.2 ±1.1	83 Bi bismuth 208.98 ±0.01	84 Po polonium [209]	85 At astatine [210]	86 Rn radon [222]	87 Fr francium [223]	88 Ra radium [226]	89-103 actinoids	104 Rf rutherfordium [261]	105 Db dubnium [268]	106 Sg seaborgium [266]	107 Bh bohrium [270]	108 Hs hassium [285]	109 Mt meitnerium [277]	110 Ds darmstadtium [281]	111 Rg roentgenium [282]	112 Cn copernicium [285]	113 Nh nihonium [286]	114 Fl flerovium [290]	115 Mc moscovium [290]	116 Lv livermorium [293]	117 Ts tennessine [294]	118 Og oganeson [294]
19 K potassium 39.098 ±0.001	20 Ca calcium 40.078 ±0.004	38 Sr strontium 87.62 ±0.01	39 Y yttrium 88.906 ±0.001	40 Zr zirconium 91.224 ±0.002	41 Nb niobium 92.906 ±0.001	42 Mo molybdenum 95.95 ±0.01	43 Tc technetium [97]	44 Ru ruthenium 101.07 ±0.02	45 Rh rhodium 102.91 ±0.01	46 Pd palladium 106.42 ±0.01	47 Ag silver 107.87 ±0.01	48 Cd cadmium 112.41 ±0.01	49 In indium 114.82 ±0.01	50 Sn tin 118.71 ±0.01	51 Sb antimony 121.76 ±0.01	52 Te tellurium 127.60 ±0.03	53 I iodine 126.90 ±0.01	54 Xe xenon 131.29 ±0.01	55 Cs caesium 132.91 ±0.01	56 Ba barium 137.33 ±0.01	57-71 lanthanoids	72 Hf hafnium 178.49 ±0.01	73 Ta tantalum 180.95 ±0.01	74 W tungsten 183.84 ±0.01	75 Re rhenium 186.21 ±0.01	76 Os osmium 190.23 ±0.03	77 Ir iridium 192.22 ±0.01	78 Pt platinum 195.08 ±0.02	79 Au gold 196.97 ±0.01	80 Hg mercury 200.59 ±0.01	81 Tl thallium 204.38 ±0.01	82 Pb lead 207.2 ±1.1	83 Bi bismuth 208.98 ±0.01	84 Po polonium [209]	85 At astatine [210]	86 Rn radon [222]	87 Fr francium [223]	88 Ra radium [226]	89-103 actinoids	104 Rf rutherfordium [261]	105 Db dubnium [268]	106 Sg seaborgium [266]	107 Bh bohrium [270]	108 Hs hassium [285]	109 Mt meitnerium [277]	110 Ds darmstadtium [281]	111 Rg roentgenium [282]	112 Cn copernicium [285]	113 Nh nihonium [286]	114 Fl flerovium [290]	115 Mc moscovium [290]	116 Lv livermorium [293]	117 Ts tennessine [294]	118 Og oganeson [294]																	

Key:
 atomic number
 Symbol
 name
 abridged standard
 atomic weight.

57 La lanthanum 138.91 ±0.01	58 Ce cerium 140.12 ±0.01	59 Pr praseodymium 140.91 ±0.01	60 Nd neodymium 144.24 ±0.01	61 Pm promethium [145]	62 Sm samarium 150.36 ±0.02	63 Eu europium 151.96 ±0.01	64 Gd gadolinium 157.25 ±0.03	65 Tb terbium 158.93 ±0.01	66 Dy dysprosium 162.50 ±0.01	67 Ho holmium 164.93 ±0.01	68 Er erbium 167.26 ±0.01	69 Tm thulium 168.93 ±0.01	70 Yb ytterbium 173.05 ±0.02	71 Lu lutetium 174.97 ±0.01	89 Ac actinium 227.04 ±0.01	90 Th thorium 232.04 ±0.01	91 Pa protactinium 231.04 ±0.01	92 U uranium 238.03 ±0.01	93 Np neptunium [237]	94 Pu plutonium [244]	95 Am americium [243]	96 Cm curium [247]	97 Bk berkelium [247]	98 Cf californium [251]	99 Es einsteinium [252]	100 Fm fermium [257]	101 Md mendelevium [268]	102 No nobelium [269]	103 Lr lawrencium [262]
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MLO and Bloom's Level of Complexity

Q #	MLO Addressed	Complexity Level	Mark
1	4	Understand	1
2	1	Apply	1
3	5	Understand	1
4	2	Knowledge	1
5	1	Understand	1
6	1	Knowledge	1
7	2	Apply	1
8	1	Apply	1
9	5	Knowledge	1
10	1	Understand	1
11	2	Apply	5
12	1	Analyze and Creative	5
13	1	Apply	5
14	1	Analyze	5
15	2	Apply	5
16	4	Analyze and Creative	5
17	1	Apply Creative	5